

Steps to Run a Complete FDA with Categorical Data

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Below we will define the steps required to complete an FDA with our data

1. Load the Actigraphy package:

```
> library(Actigraphy)
```

2. Read in the activity and covariate data and store them as the datasets covariate and activity:

```
> data(clinic_29pt_ahi)
> data(act_29pt)
> covariate <- clinic_29pt_ahi
> activity <- act_29pt
```

3. Change the continuous variable AHI in the covariate file into a categorical variable:

```
> covariate$ahicat <- as.factor(
+   ifelse(covariate$AHI >= 0 & covariate$AHI <= 5, 1,
+   ifelse(covariate$AHI > 5 & covariate$AHI <= 15, 2,
+   ifelse(covariate$AHI > 15 & covariate$AHI <= 30, 3,
+   ifelse(covariate$AHI > 30, 4, 0))))
```

4. Match the data in the activity and covariate datasets and since the covariate is a factor, apply user-defined category labels:

```
> matchid <- fda.matchid(activity, covariate[,-2], "factor", c("normal", "mild", "
```

5. Smooth the data and plot it:

- L is the number of entries in the activity file

```
> L <- nrow(activity)
> FDinterest <- fda.smoothdata(matchid)
> ts.plot(predict(FDinterest$fd$fd, 1:L), main="Smoothed Activity Data")
```

6. Apply FLM to the data with the flm_cate function:

```
> geftinterest <- flm_cate(FDinterest)
```

7. Set up the plot parameters for the next step:

- `ylim` is a vector of length 2 that contains the Y-axis boundaries based on the results on the `flm_cate` function
- `lb` is a vector of labels for the X-axis
- `xat` is a vector of positions for the labels (`lb`) on the X-axis

```
> ypred <- as.vector(geftinterest$freg$yhatfdbj$y)
> ylim <- c(0, max(ypred) + 100)
> lb <- c("Midnight", "6AM", "Noon", "6PM", "Midnight")
> xat <- c(0, L/4, L/2, 3*L/4, L)
```

8. Plot results from FLM results and F-test if indicated (with the categorical `flm` plotting function):

```
> cat.flm.results <- cat_flm_plot(FDinterest, matchid, geftinterest, TRUE, 5, lb,
```

Notes:

- Columns in Activity file data MUST represent subjects
- Covariate file MUST only contain 2 columns; subject identifier (`id`) and one covariate (numeric or factor). If user is interested in 2 or more covariates, they should be put into separate datasets and analyzed separately.
- Subject identifier should be the same in both Activity (first column) and Covariate (row names) files