

# Package ‘expSBM’

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**Type** Package

**Title** An Exponential Stochastic Block Model for Interaction Lengths

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**Description** Given a continuous-time dynamic network, this package allows one to fit a stochastic blockmodel where nodes belonging to the same group create interactions and non-interactions of similar lengths. This package implements the methodology described by R. Rastelli and M. Fop (2019) <arXiv:1901.09828>.

**License** GPL-3

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**NeedsCompilation** yes

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 expSBM-package

*An Exponential Stochastic Block Model for Interaction Lengths*


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### Description

Given a continuous-time dynamic network, this package allows one to fit a stochastic blockmodel where nodes belonging to the same group create interactions and non-interactions of similar lengths. This package implements the methodology described by R. Rastelli and M. Fop (2019) <arXiv:1901.09828>.

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### References

R. Rastelli and M. Fop (2019) "A dynamic stochastic blockmodel for interaction lengths", <https://arxiv.org/abs/1901.09828>

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 expSBM\_ELBO

*expSBM\_ELBO*


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### Description

Evaluates the evidence lower bound for a given dynamic network.

### Usage

```
expSBM_ELBO(N, edgelist, Z, lambda, mu, nu, directed = F, trunc = T, verbose = F)
```

### Arguments

N	Number of nodes.
edgelist	A matrix with 4 columns: on the first column the sender node, on the second the receiver, on the third either a one or zero to indicate whether it is an interaction or a non-interaction respectively, on the fourth the corresponding exponential length.
Z	A NxK matrix indicating a soft clustering of the nodes into the K latent groups. The generic entry in position [i,k] represents the posterior probability that node i belongs to group k.
lambda	Mixing proportions of the latent groups.
mu	A matrix of size KxK indicating the exponential rates for the interaction lengths, for each pair of groups. Must be a symmetric matrix if directed is false.

nu	A matrix of size KxK indicating the exponential rates for the non-interaction lengths, for each pair of groups. Must be a symmetric matrix if directed is false.
directed	TRUE or FALSE indicating whether interactions have an orientation or not.
trunc	TRUE or FALSE indicating whether the first and last interactions or non-interactions for every edge are assumed to be truncated or not.
verbose	TRUE or FALSE indicating whether a lengthy output should be printed out.

**Value**

computing_time	Number of seconds required for the evaluation.
elbo_value	Value of the evidence lower bound for the given variational parameters.

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 expSBM\_EM

*expSBM\_EM*


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**Description**

Runs the variational expectation maximization algorithm for a given number of latent groups.

**Usage**

```
expSBM_EM(N, edgelist, Z, lambda, mu, nu, directed = F, trunc = T,
          tol = 0.001, n_iter_max = 100, verbose = F)
```

**Arguments**

N	Number of nodes.
edgelist	A matrix with 4 columns: on the first column the sender node, on the second the receiver, on the third either a one or zero to indicate whether it is an interaction or a non-interaction respectively, on the fourth the corresponding exponential length.
Z	A NxK matrix indicating a soft clustering of the nodes into the K latent groups. The generic entry in position [i,k] represents the posterior probability that node i belongs to group k.
lambda	Mixing proportions of the latent groups.
mu	A matrix of size KxK indicating the exponential rates for the interaction lengths, for each pair of groups. Must be a symmetric matrix if directed is false.
nu	A matrix of size KxK indicating the exponential rates for the non-interaction lengths, for each pair of groups. Must be a symmetric matrix if directed is false.
directed	TRUE or FALSE indicating whether interactions have an orientation or not.
trunc	TRUE or FALSE indicating whether the first and last interactions or non-interactions for every edge are assumed to be truncated or not.

<code>tol</code>	Stop the maximization if the relative increase in the objective function is not larger than this value.
<code>n_iter_max</code>	Stop the maximization if the number of iterations is larger than this value. This parameter can be set to zero or one for debug purposes.
<code>verbose</code>	TRUE or FALSE indicating whether a lengthy output should be printed out.

**Value**

<code>computing_time</code>	Number of seconds required for the evaluation.
<code>elbo_values</code>	Stored values of the objective function at each iteration.
<code>Z_star</code>	Optimal soft clustering of the nodes into the groups.
<code>lambda_star</code>	Optimal mixing proportions.
<code>mu_star</code>	Optimal group-specific parameters for the exponential rates of the interaction lengths.
<code>nu_star</code>	Optimal group-specific parameters for the exponential rates of the non-interaction lengths.

**Examples**

```
set.seed(1)
data(high_school)
K <- 4
lambda_init <- rep(1/K,K)
Z_init <- expSBM_init(high_school$edgelist, K, soft = TRUE)$Z
mu_init <- nu_init <- matrix(1,K,K)
expSBM_EM(N = 327, high_school$edgelist, Z_init, lambda_init, mu_init, nu_init)
```

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`expSBM_init`

*expSBM\_init*

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**Description**

Initialization step for the variational expectation maximization algorithm.

**Usage**

```
expSBM_init(edgelist, K, soft = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

<code>edgelist</code>	A matrix with 4 columns: on the first column the sender node, on the second the receiver, on the third either a one or zero to indicate whether it is an interaction or a non-interaction respectively, on the fourth the corresponding exponential length.
<code>K</code>	Number of latent groups.
<code>soft</code>	TRUE or FALSE to indicate whether the function should return a soft clustering or not.

**Value**

A  $N \times K$  matrix indicating the partitioning of the nodes.

**Examples**

```
set.seed(1)
data(high_school)
K <- 4
lambda_init <- rep(1/K,K)
expSBM_init(high_school$edgelist, K)$Z
```

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expSBM_select	<i>expSBM_select</i>
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**Description**

Runs the variational expectation maximization algorithm for different numbers of latent groups, and selects the best overall model using the integrated completed likelihood criterion. See reference for a detailed explanation of the procedure.

**Usage**

```
expSBM_select(K_max, N, edgelist, directed = F, trunc = T,
              tol = 0.001, n_iter_max = 100, verbose = F)
```

**Arguments**

K_max	Estimate and compare the models with number of latent groups equal to 1,2,...,K_max.
N	Number of nodes.
edgelist	A matrix with 4 columns: on the first column the sender node, on the second the receiver, on the third either a one or zero to indicate whether it is an interaction or a non-interaction respectively, on the fourth the corresponding exponential length.
directed	TRUE or FALSE indicating whether interactions have an orientation or not.
trunc	TRUE or FALSE indicating whether the first and last interactions or non-interactions for every edge are assumed to be truncated or not.
tol	Stop the maximization if the relative increase in the objective function is not larger than this value.
n_iter_max	Stop the maximization if the number of iterations is larger than this value. This parameter can be set to zero or one for debug purposes.
verbose	TRUE or FALSE indicating whether a lengthy output should be printed out.

**Value**

<code>fitted_models</code>	A list with the fitted values for every model considered.
<code>icl_values</code>	Integrated completed likelihood values for each model considered.
<code>K_star</code>	Optimal number of latent groups, according to the integrated completed likelihood criterion.
<code>best_model</code>	Output of the variational expectation maximization algorithm for the best overall model.

**References**

R. Rastelli and M. Fop (2019) "A dynamic stochastic blockmodel for interaction lengths", <https://arxiv.org/abs/1901.09828>

**Examples**

```
set.seed(1)
data(high_school)
res <- expSBM_select(K_max = 8, N = 327, edgelist = high_school$edgelist, tol = 0.01)
```

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high\_school

*Interactions between high school students*

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**Description**

The data concern face to face interactions among 327 high school students in Marseilles, France, and were collected by means of wearable sensors over a period of 5 days in December 2013. Students wore a sensor badge on their chest and the instrument recorded when they were facing each other with a time resolution of 20 seconds. Thus, any pair of students was considered interacting face-to-face when the sensors of the two were exchanging data packets at any given time during the 20 seconds interval. Additional information on the students is available from the same dataset. Students may have 4 different main specializations: biology (BIO), mathematics and physics (MP), physics and chemistry (PC), and engineering studies (PSI).

**Usage**

```
data(high_school)
```

**Format**

The list contains:

**adj** An adjacency list indicating whether any pair of students had at least one interaction during the 5 days of the study.

**edgelist** An edgelist in a format that can be handled by this package.

**program** Clustering variable indicating the program each student is registered to.

**program\_levels** Names of the different programs.

**program\_aggr** Aggregated version of the previous clustering variable, where programs are aggregated into 4 areas.

**program\_levels\_aggr** Names of the different areas, these correspond to biology (BIO), mathematics and physics (MP), physics and chemistry (PC), and engineering studies (PSI)

**sex** Clustering given by the sex of the students.

**sex\_levels** Labels for each of the sex classes.

## References

R. Mastrandrea, J. Fournet, and A. Barrat (2015). "Contact patterns in a high school: A comparison between data collected using wearable sensors, contact diaries and friendship surveys". *PLOS ONE* 10.9, pp. 1-26.

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